

Тренажеры к главе 3

1. Решите уравнение.

1	$3x - 8 = 7$	$5x - 12 = 8$
2	$29 - 4x = 6(x + 3) - 5x$	$3(4x - 8) = 10x - 6$
3	$7(x + 3) - 2x = 21 - x$	$9x - 5(x + 2) = 18 - 2x$
4	$5(x - 3) - 3x - 6 = 2x - 25$	$2(x + 7) - 19 = 2x - 5$
5	$32x - (8 - 13x) + (9 - 2x) = -45$	$49x + (11 - 8x) - (5x - 6) = 32$
6	$7(2x - 5) = 8 - 2(3x + 5)$	$21(x + 4) = 13 - (11 - x)$
7	$\frac{x+2}{2} - \frac{x+3}{3} = -1$	$\frac{x+3}{5} + 2\frac{1}{5} = \frac{1-x}{2}$
8	$\frac{4x+7}{5} + \frac{3x-2}{2} = \frac{5x+62}{2}$	$\frac{9x-5}{2} - \frac{3+5x}{3} = \frac{8x+6}{4}$
9	$5(3x - 1) - 2x = 4(3x - 1) + x - 1$	$5(2x - 3) = 2(5x - 7) + 4$
10	$3(7x + 5) = 7(3x - 2) + 10$	$4(4x + 6) - 30 = 3(5x - 2) + x$

1	$4x - 5 = 11$	$6x - 13 = 5$
2	$23 - 3(x - 3) = 4x - 3$	$x - 32 = -7(x + 8)$
3	$-4(-x + 7) = x + 5$	$24 - 16x = -(12x + 24)$
4	$10x - 5(4x + 3) = 3x - 2(7x - 2)$	$7(2x - 1) - 3(x + 4) = 6(11 - x)$
5	$23x + (11x + 8) - (9x + 5) = 7$	$29x - (11x - 5) + (2x - 1) = 12$
6	$8(3x - 2) - 7x = 5(12 - 3x) + 13x$	$\frac{x-2}{3} + \frac{x}{2} = 6$
7	$\frac{y+5}{4} + \frac{y}{5} = 3,5$	$\frac{8x+7}{6} - \frac{5x-2}{2} = \frac{9+2x}{4}$
8	$\frac{4x-3}{2} - \frac{5-2x}{3} = \frac{3x+11}{3}$	$\frac{9x-5}{2} - \frac{8x-2}{4} - 2 = \frac{3x+5}{3}$
9	$4(3x - 1) + x - 1 = 5(3x - 1) - 2x$	$2(5x - 7) + 4 = 5(2x - 3)$
10	$7(3x - 2) + 10 = 3(7x + 5)$	$3(5x - 2) + x = 4(4x + 6) - 30$

2. Решите неравенство.

1	$7x - 3 > 11$	$2x - 1 > x + 1$
2	$2(x + 3) < 3 - x$	$2x - 4,8 \leq 4x + 1,2$
3	$4(x + 3) \leq 3x - 5$	$3(x - 2) > x - 12$
4	$5(x + 3) - 3(x - 4) < 7$	$3(x - 6) - 2(x + 8) < 7$
5	$6(3 - 2x) + 3(4x - 2) \geq 0$	$1 - 2(6 - 2x) < -4(x - 6) - 3$
6	$\frac{x+3}{4} - \frac{x}{2} \geq 3$	$\frac{x+1}{3} - 4x < -7$
7	$\frac{x-1}{5} - 2x < 2$	$\frac{3x-2}{4} + \frac{4x+1}{3} \geq 0$
8	$\frac{2x-1}{3} - \frac{4x+2}{5} \leq 0$	$\frac{6x-4}{4} \geq \frac{5-2x}{2}$
9	$(x-1)(2x-2) \leq (2x-1)(x+2)$	$(x-3)(2x-1) \leq (2x+1)(x+2)$
10	$(x-3)^2 > x(x-6) + 6$	$3x^2 - 2x - 3x(x-6) \geq -2$

1	$4x + 7 < 11$	$2x - 1 > 2x + 3$
2	$3x + 1,3 \geq 5x - 0,1$	$2x \geq 2x - 3$
3	$3(x - 2) > x - 12$	$4(1 - x) - 3(x + 2) < 5$
4	$5x + 7 \geq 2(x - 6)$	$15x + 5 \leq 4(3x - 2) - 3(2x - 1)$
5	$6(3 - x) - 3(x + 2) \geq 5$	$\frac{x+1}{3} - 4x < -7$
6	$\frac{2-3x}{4} \leq \frac{6-5x}{8} + \frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{1-2x}{3} \leq \frac{4-3x}{6} + \frac{3}{4}$
7	$\frac{x-1}{2} - \frac{x-2}{3} \geq \frac{x-3}{4}$	$\frac{x-2}{5} - \frac{3x+2}{6} \leq \frac{2}{3} - x$
8	$(x-1)(2x-2) \leq (2x-1)(x+2)$	$\frac{x+1}{4} - \frac{4x+1}{5} \leq \frac{7-3x}{10}$
9	$(2x-1)(x+2) > 2x^2$	$(x-3)(x+2) - (x-3)^2 \geq 15x - 10$
10	$(x+5)(x-1) - (x-1)^2 > 24x - 30$	$(3x-2)^2 + (5x+1)^2 - 2 > 34 \cdot (x-3)^2$

Тренажеры к главе 4

Решите систему уравнений.

1	$\begin{cases} y = 3x - 1, \\ 2x + 3y = 8 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} y = 3 - x, \\ x + 2y = 3 \end{cases}$
2	$\begin{cases} x = 4y, \\ x + 5y = 99 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} x = 2y - 3, \\ 3x + 2y = 7 \end{cases}$
3	$\begin{cases} y = 4 + 2x, \\ 2x + y = 7 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} 3x + 5y = 21, \\ 2x - y = 1 \end{cases}$
4	$\begin{cases} x + y = 5, \\ x - y = 7 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} 2x + y = 11, \\ 3x - y = 9 \end{cases}$
5	$\begin{cases} 2x + 11y = 15, \\ 10x - 11y = 9 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} 4x - 7y = 30, \\ 4x - 5y = 90 \end{cases}$
6	$\begin{cases} 5x - 2y = 6, \\ 7x + 2y = 6 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} 4x + 5y = 8, \\ x - 3y = -15 \end{cases}$
7	$\begin{cases} x - 3y = 5, \\ 3x + 2y = 4 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} 3(2x + 5y) + y = 12, \\ 2(x - 7y) + 10y = -24 \end{cases}$

8	$\begin{cases} 3(2x-7y)+5y=62, \\ 2(x+3y)-2y=2 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} \frac{2x}{5}-\frac{5y}{2}=3, \\ 2x-7y=4 \end{cases}$
9	$\begin{cases} x-y=\frac{1}{3}, \\ \frac{x}{3}=\frac{y}{3}+\frac{1}{9} \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} \frac{3x-7}{4}-\frac{2y-3}{5}=1, \\ \frac{2x-y}{2}-1=y-2 \end{cases}$
10	$\begin{cases} \frac{x-y}{3}-\frac{x+y}{2}=-8, \\ 7x+y=-4 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} \frac{2x+3y}{4}+\frac{3x-2y}{5}=-\frac{1}{20}, \\ \frac{3x+4y}{2}-\frac{5x-y}{3}=\frac{43}{6} \end{cases}$

1	$\begin{cases} y=x-1, \\ 5x+2y=16 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} y=1-7x, \\ 4x-y=4 \end{cases}$
2	$\begin{cases} x=-5y, \\ x-4y=-18 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} x=y+2, \\ 3x-2y=9 \end{cases}$
3	$\begin{cases} 3x-y=4, \\ 3x+y=8 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} 2x+y=11, \\ 3x-y=9 \end{cases}$
4	$\begin{cases} -5x+7y=6, \\ 2x+7y=76 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} x-6y=17, \\ 5x+6y=13 \end{cases}$
5	$\begin{cases} 3x+8y=13, \\ 5x-18y=5 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} -2x+4y=-11, \\ 4x+4y=1 \end{cases}$

6	$\begin{cases} 5x - 3y = 25, \\ 4x + 3y = 20 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} 4x - 5y = -2, \\ 3x + 2y = -13 \end{cases}$
7	$\begin{cases} 3(x + y) = 6, \\ 6 - 5(x - y) = 8x - 2y \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} -2(2x + 3) + 2,5 = 3(y - 2x) - 9, \\ 4,5 - 4(1 - x) = 2y - (5 - x) \end{cases}$
8	$\begin{cases} \frac{2y}{3} - \frac{x + y}{2} = -\frac{5}{2}, \\ \frac{3x}{2} + 2y = 0 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} \frac{2 - x}{3} - \frac{y + 6}{6} = 0, \\ x + 2y = -1 \end{cases}$
9	$\begin{cases} \frac{2x - y}{6} + \frac{2x + y}{9} = 3, \\ \frac{x + y}{3} - \frac{x - y}{4} = 4 \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} \frac{5x + 9y}{3} = \frac{2x + 3y}{2}, \\ \frac{x - 3y}{2} = \frac{2x - 3y}{3} \end{cases}$
10	$\begin{cases} \frac{2x + 3y}{4} + \frac{3x - 2y}{5} = -\frac{23}{20}, \\ \frac{3x + 4y}{2} - \frac{5x - y}{3} = \frac{22}{3} \end{cases}$	$\begin{cases} \frac{x + 3 - 5y}{2} = \frac{3x - 4y + 3}{3}, \\ \frac{6 + 3x - y}{3} = \frac{12x - y}{4} \end{cases}$